

Transforming VA Community Care

IT Industry Day
March 7th, 2016

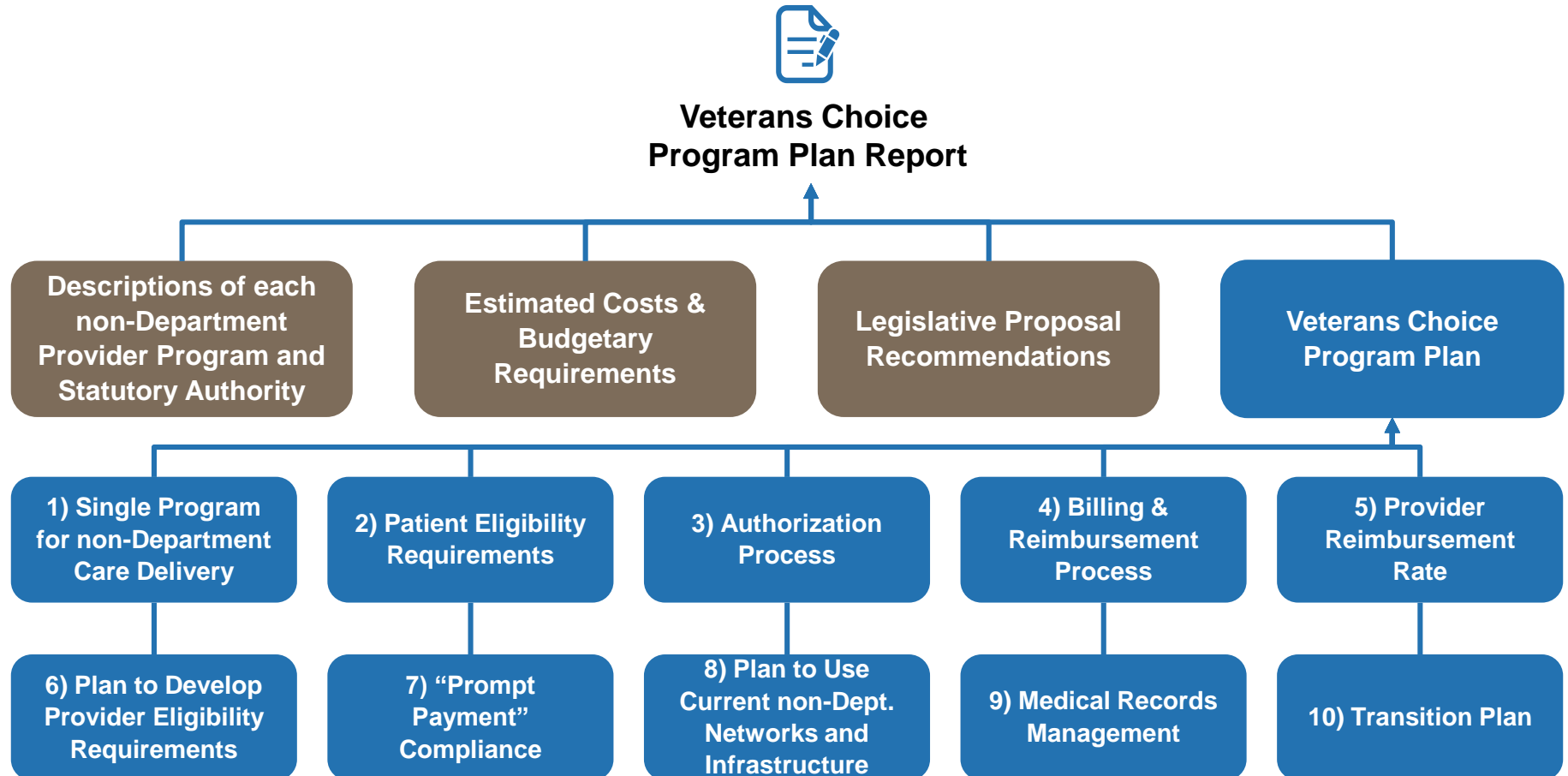
How We Got Here

- The VA Budget and Choice Improvement Act called for improving Veteran access to care by consolidating community programs into one, standardized New Veterans Choice Program (New VCP)
- We gathered key stakeholder feedback from VSOs, VA staff and clinicians, Federal partners, and healthcare industry leaders
- We included industry best practices, financial modeling, and ensured alignment with VA's future vision for healthcare
- Our goal is to deliver a program that is easy to understand, simple to administer and meets the needs of Veterans, community providers and VA staff
- Transformation of this scale and impact will require a phased implementation and systems approach
- VA submitted our Plan to Consolidate Care in the Community in October 2015

Developing the Plan

Veterans Choice Program Plan Requirements

The Veterans Choice Program Plan Report, as part of the “VA Budget and Choice Improvement Act,” contains several components. The plan will begin implementation in FY17.



Stakeholder Feedback - Highlights & Key Themes

VA gathered insights from VSOs, health care leaders, Federal partners, VA clinicians and staff, feedback on the Choice Program, and VACAA Independent Assessments Report

Veteran Service Organizations

VSOs emphasized the voice of Veterans, including:

- VA provides a **unique environment** and culture for Veteran health care
- Some Veterans are **willing to travel** farther to see VA providers
- Current processes for accessing community care are **confusing**
- Concerns the current VA provider system would **be underfunded to purchase care in the community**
- VA should be the face of **care coordination** for Veterans
- Procedures for filling claims (for payment or reimbursement of emergency care) are **restrictive and burdensome**

Health Care Leaders

Leaders from across health care emphasized the:

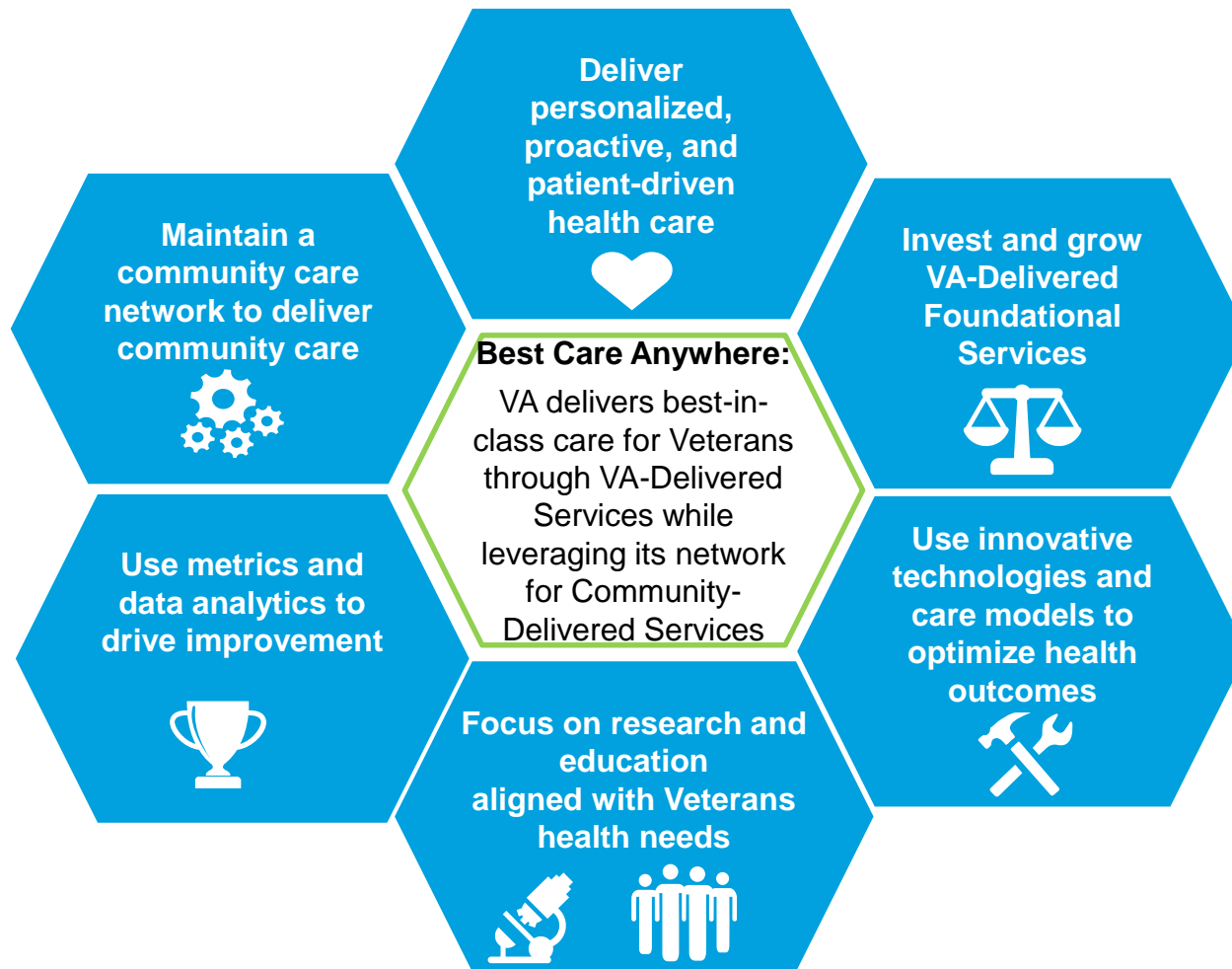
- Use of **data and metrics** to drive decision-making
- Use of **new technologies** to advance care delivery
- Need to build a **sound technology infrastructure**
- VA's opportunity to lead the field in **care coordination**
- Importance of **a community care network** to provide the care and services Veterans require

VA Staff and Clinicians

VA staff/clinicians emphasized the need to:

- Identify, use, and disseminate **existing best practices at VA**
- Improve **efficiency/timeliness of business processes and clinical pathways** so that Veterans are successfully connected to care in the community
- **Simplify and consolidate** various programs to reduce confusion
- **Increase staffing** and dedicate VA employees to care coordination
- Implement **technologies to replace manual processes** and increase **information sharing**
- Establish **quality metrics**/review processes for community care

Integration of VA and Community Providers



We are working to integrate care delivered by VA and community providers

Impact on Veterans



Current Community Care Programs Are Confusing

Community Care today is complicated and consists of multiple programs that cause confusion for Veterans, Community Providers, and VA staff.

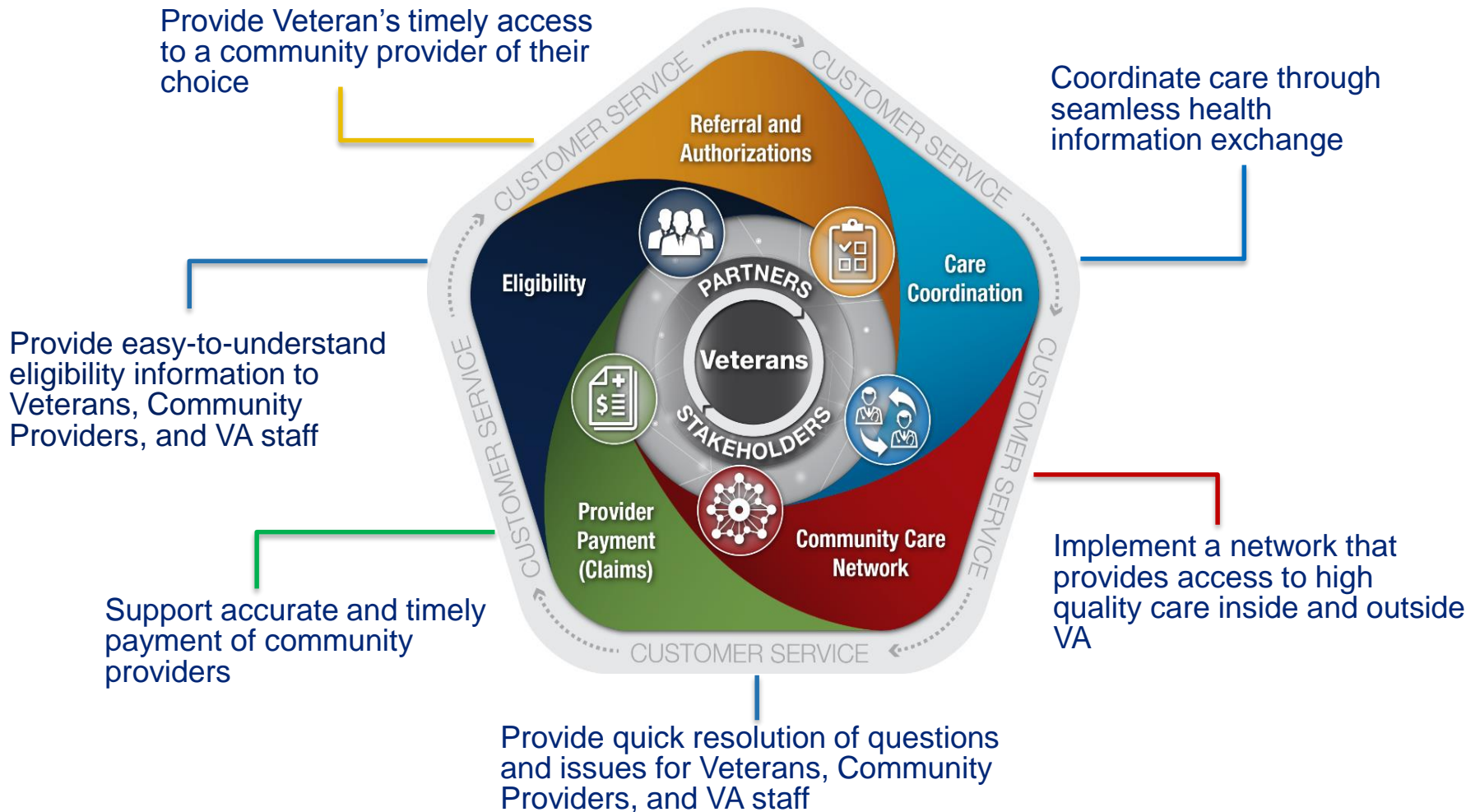
Federally Funded Partners, DoD, IHS, THP, FQHC
Retail Pharmacy Network Contracts
Patient Centered Community Care
Dialysis Contracts
Choice
Veterans Choice Program
Fee Basis Care
Project ARCH
PC3
Project Hero
non VA care
Academic Teaching Affiliates
NVCC
Choice First
Emergency Care

To address this issue, VA proposed a plan to Congress to consolidate community care. We recognize this will be a long journey, but we are making immediate improvements where and when we can.

Our Goal for VA Community Care

Deliver a program that is easy to understand, simple to administer, and meets the needs of Veterans, community providers, and VA staff

Five Key Components Trace the Veteran Community Care Journey



Eligibility

Clarify and Automate Eligibility

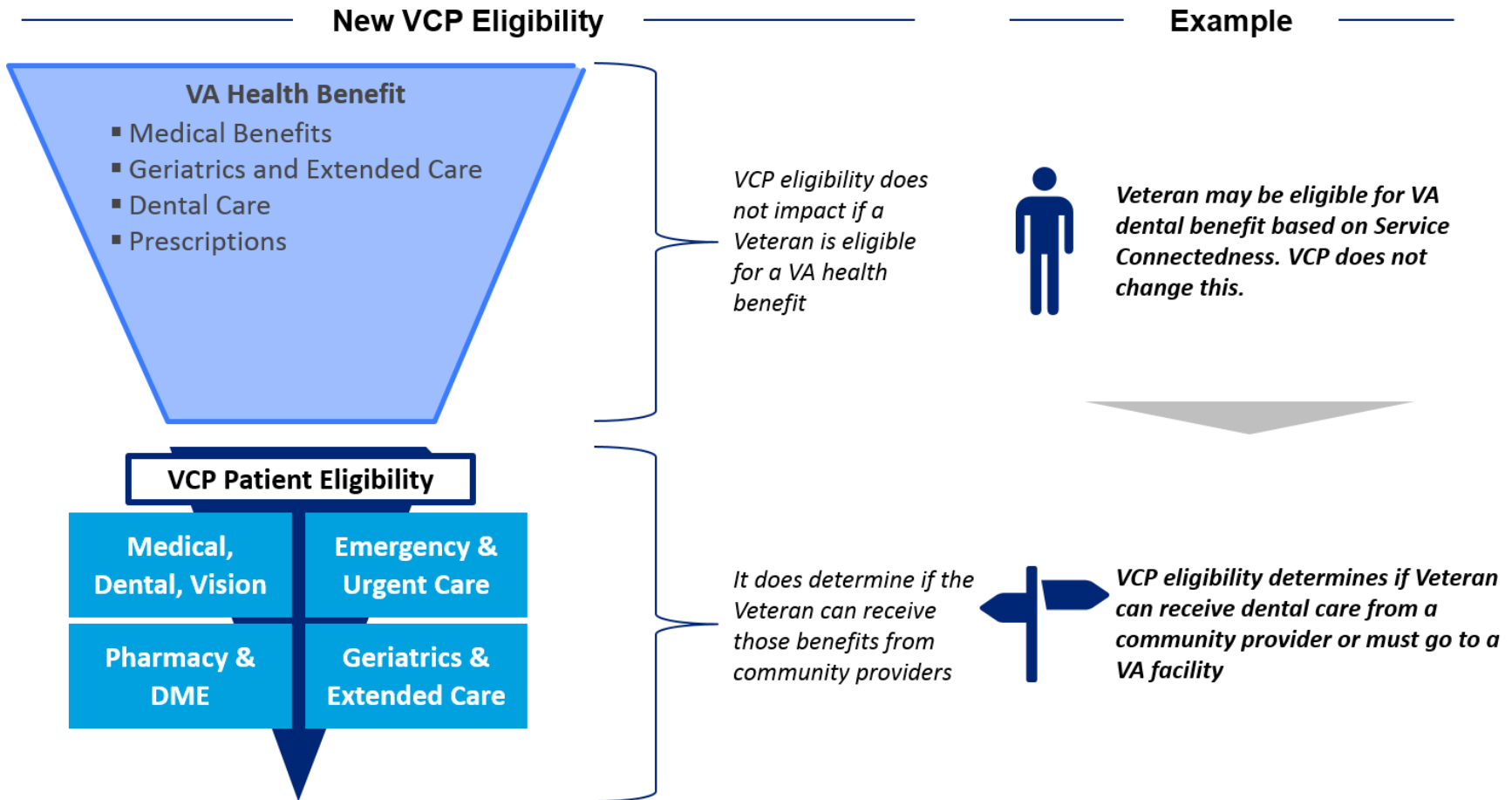
What we want to hear from Veterans: ***“With the New VCP I understand when and where I am eligible for care.”***



We are working to streamline, consolidate and automate our eligibility processes so that Veterans, community providers and VA staff have a clear, consistent understanding of eligibility.

Patient Eligibility Criteria – Future State

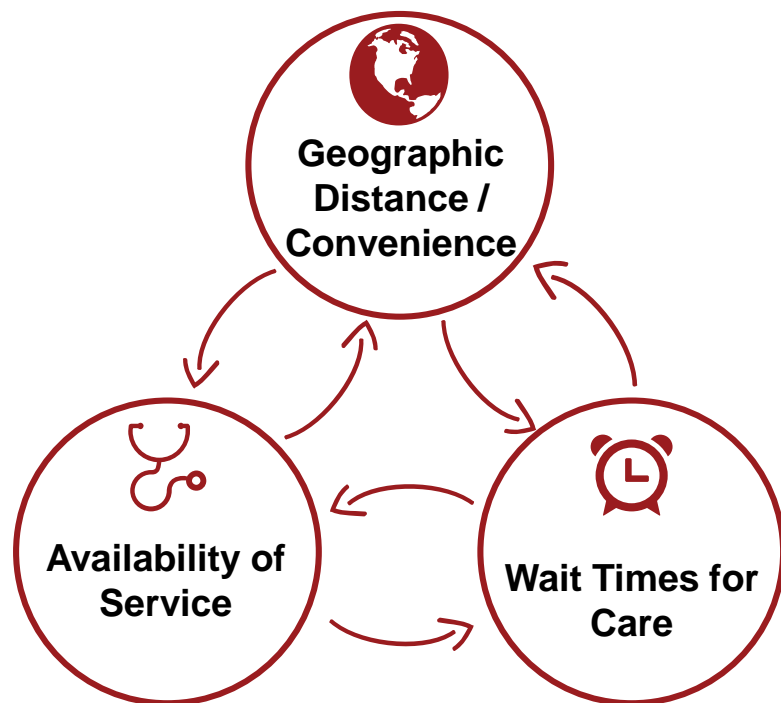
The New VCP will not change what services Veterans are eligible to receive under the VA Health Benefit. It will determine if Veterans can seek that care from community providers.



Considerations for Eligibility Criteria

Current Criteria for Community Care

VA determines eligibility for community care through a number of mechanisms focused on:



Unique Considerations for VA

Unique considerations when defining a single set of eligibility criteria:



VA is required to provide coverage in areas where it has no physical assets or provider network









~80% of enrolled Veterans have other health insurance (OHI) and often use VA when cost shares are more advantageous than OHI



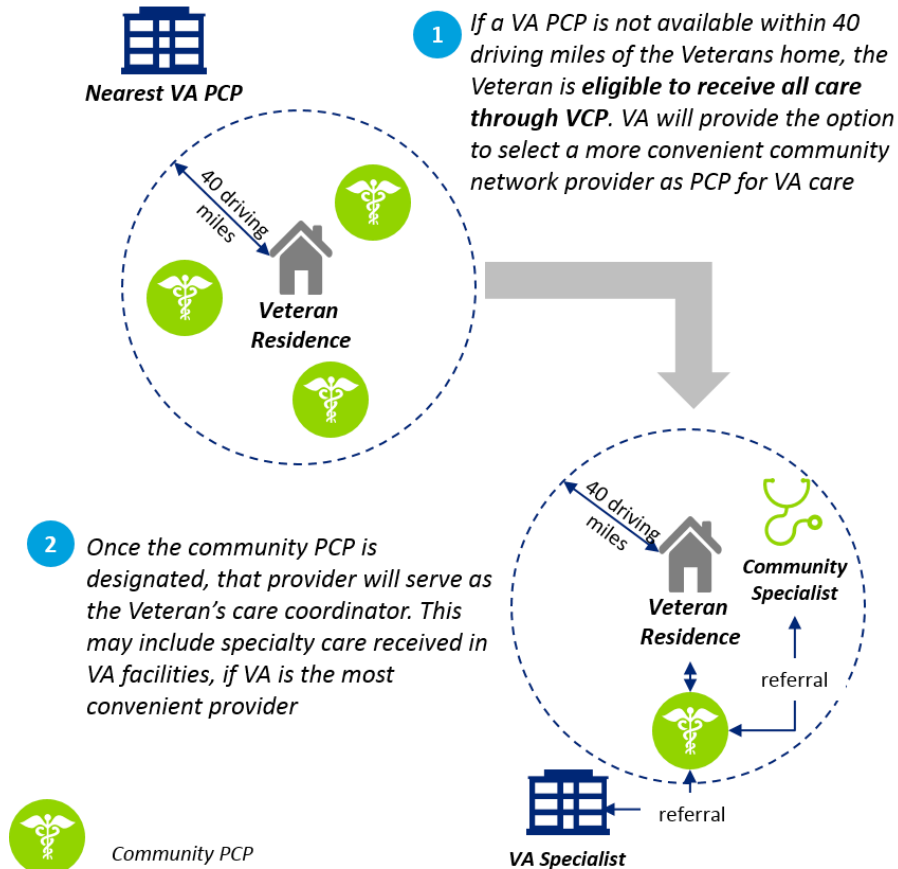
The need to support VA's education and research missions

Eligibility Criteria: Medical, Dental, and Vision

Eligibility Category	Proposed Criteria Veterans Choice Program	Change to Eligible Population
 Wait Times for Care	An appointment cannot be scheduled within VA wait-time goals for providing the service or within the clinically necessary time frame indicated by the provider if that time frame is less than VA wait-time goals	↔
  Geographic Distance / Convenience	Veteran lives 40 miles or farther driving distance from their PCP as designated by the VA OR Veteran faces excessive burden in accessing care at a VA facility, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Geographical challenges ▪ Environmental factors ▪ Medical conditions that affect travel ▪ Other factors (nature of care, frequency of care, and need for an attendant) 	↔
Availability of Service	Facility does not provide the service or has chosen to 'buy' service from the community OR There is a compelling reason why the Veteran needs to receive the service outside a VA facility (e.g., female victims of MST unable to be seen by a female provider).	↔
<div>  Provides more access to community care than is available today  Does not significantly change access to community care  New eligibility criteria that does not exist today </div>		

Eligibility Criteria: Geographic Distance/ Convenience



PCPs play a critical role in coordinating care and providing preventative care, so the new VCP will focus on providing all Veterans with convenient access to a PCP.



Rationale for Focus on the PCP

- **Care Coordination:**
 - PCPs are the provider seen most frequently
 - PCP is overall coordinator of care
 - Convenient access supports better health outcomes
- **Preventative Care:**
 - Convenient access encourages use of preventative care
- **Health Care Utilization**
 - Use of PCPs reduces high cost admissions and emergency and urgent care
- **Consistent with Industry**
 - Health plans typically have a tighter access standards for PCPs
 - Geographic access to specialty care is more difficult to establish

Eligibility Criteria: Emergency and Urgent Care

Eligibility Category	Proposed Criteria for Veterans Choice Program (Future State)	Change to Eligible Population
Emergency Care	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Veteran is enrolled in the VA. 2. Veteran has received care through the VA within the last 24 months. 3. Symptoms satisfy the “prudent layperson” definition of emergency 4. There is no authorization requirement (preservice or post service) for emergency care. 	
Urgent Care	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Veteran is enrolled in the VA. 2. Veteran has received care through the VA within the last 24 months. 3. Access care at a VA designated Urgent Care Center 	

Definitions:

- **Emergency:** “A medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in placing the health of the individual (or with respect to a pregnant woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy, serious impairment to body functions or serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.”
- **Urgent:** “‘Urgent medical condition’ shall mean a condition which, if not treated within 24 hours could lead to serious impairment of bodily function or serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.”



Provides more access to community care than is available today



Does not significantly change access to community care



New eligibility criteria that does not exist today

Referral and Authorization

Standardize the Referral & Authorization Process

What we want to hear from Veterans: ***“I was easily and quickly referred to a community provider for my care.”***



**Veteran is referred for
community care**



**Veteran receives care from a
community provider**

We are working to streamline the referral and authorization process, to include a standard referral template and remove unnecessary steps. These improvements will allow Veterans to get care more quickly.

Current and Future State

Referrals and authorizations will follow an industry leading approach where fewer services require referrals and/or authorizations, allowing Veterans quicker access to care

Definitions

Referral: A written or electronic transfer of care initiated by a clinician that enables a patient to see another provider for specific care or to receive medical services.

Authorization: A decision that a health care service, treatment plan, prescription drug, or DME is medically necessary.

Current State Service Categories	Description
Referral Only (with or without an authorization)	For all non-emergent services, a referral is required



Future State Service Categories	Description
Referral Only (no Authorization)	A clinician's referral is all that is required for most services and promotes coordination of care between the providers
Referral and Authorization Required	A defined, limited set of services requiring clinical review and approval after referral

Future State - Centralized Authorization Center

For consistency, VA will move to centralized shared services to handle all authorization submissions.

Current State



- No standard or consistent process
- No consistent guidelines for approval
- Variance amongst regions
- Highly manual



Future State



- Standardized, consistent process
- Guidelines for approval follow medical criteria
- Automated process and solution
- Highly trained staff

Keys to Success

People

- Single team, working together in one location
- Skilled clinical team
- Regular training and certification

Process

- Streamlined process
- Reduced handoffs
- Reduced/eliminated redundancies

Technology

- Highly automated system that connects to the eligibility & claims systems
- Higher percentage of fully auto-processed items

Community Care Network

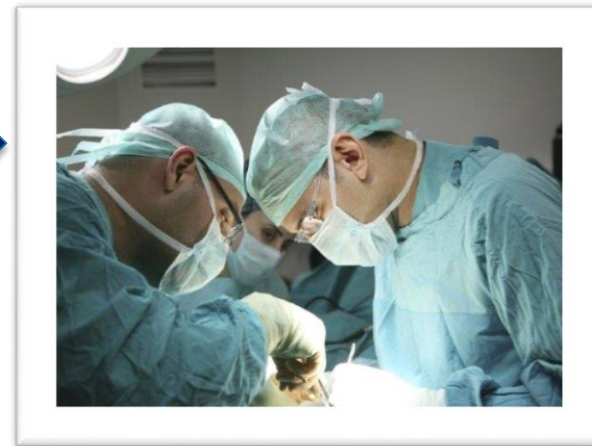
Offer Access to Excellent Community Providers

What we want to hear from Veterans: ***"I have options and I feel confident that there will always be a provider when and where I need one."***

What we want to hear from providers: ***"I am proud to serve Veterans and to be a part of the VA Community Care network."***



**Utilize our network of
VA and community
providers**



**Provide access to
high-quality care**

We are working to build our network of providers to improve access to high-quality care.

Current State

Limitations

Network



Limited visibility to network coverage gaps



No ability to evaluate best in class providers

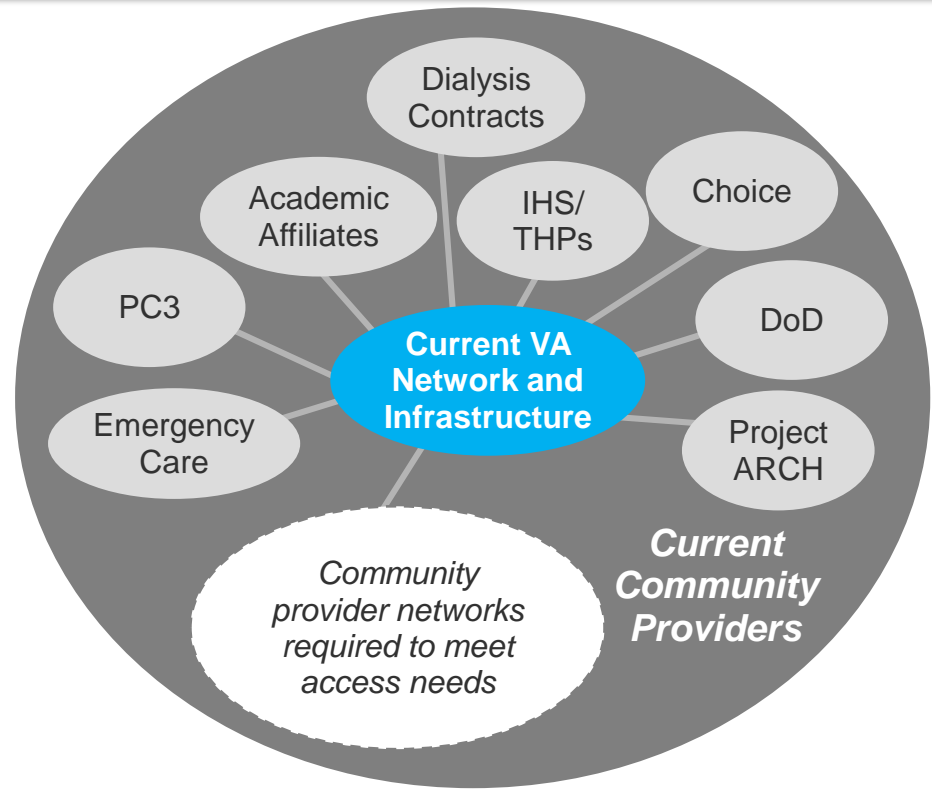
Management



No active management of provider relationships



No formal tracking mechanism for provider issues



Industry Best Practices

- Tiered networks with designated preferred providers based on quality and cost
- Expands network using culturally aware providers based on population served
- Dedicated provider relations staff to manage on-going network development and relationships
- Analytic-driven decision making regarding contracting, claims payment, and issue resolution



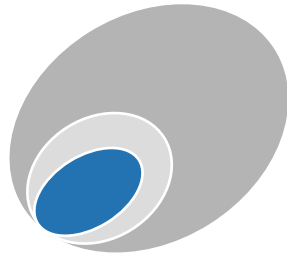
VA Core Network



External Network

Provider Network – Future State

Provider Network Evolution



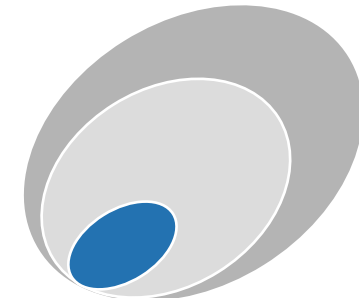
Phase 1

Growth of VA Core Network through stronger relationships with Federal and academic teaching partners



Phase 2

Expansion of External Network and shift to complementary clinical services



Phase 3

Expansion of Preferred Tier Providers supplying complementary clinical services

Network actively managed and integrated with claims and customer service departments



Federally Funded and Academic Affiliates*

VA Core Network



Preferred Tier



Standard Tier

External Network

**"Academic affiliates" have active teaching relationships with VA (Directive 1663) and are in the Core Network. Remaining academic institutions without teaching relationships are in the External Network.*

Preferred Provider Designation



Quality: Adherence to evidence-based care guidelines



Value: Delivery of high quality and appropriate care based on defined metrics and goals



Compact: Pledge to serving US Veterans

Provider Credentialing – Current and Future State

Current State

Limitations



Inconsistent process across TPAs and local contracts



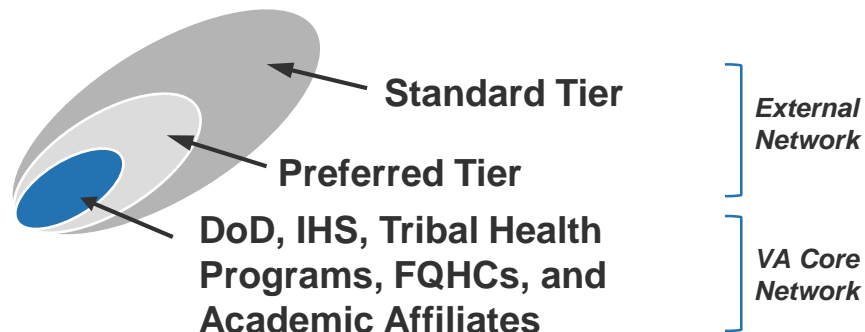
Basic participation standards

Industry Best Practices

- Uniform set of standards for providers in an automated credentialing system with and defined processing time
- Re-credential at a minimum every 24-36 months, incorporating quality, cost, patient satisfaction, and Veteran complaint rates into the process

**VA will delegate credentialing to the network manager or appropriate Federal institutions, unless there are existing difficulties*





Future State



Delegation of Credentialing

VA will delegate credentialing for Core / External Networks. VA will audit compliance with credentialing standards.*

Consistent Credentialing Processes

-  Educational Credentials / Certifications / Licensure / Training & Experience
-  Employment and Pre-Employment History
-  Supplemental Attestation Questions / Disciplinary Screening / Sanctions
-  Agreement to meet access standards and quality of care standards

Periodic re-credentialing

Care Coordination

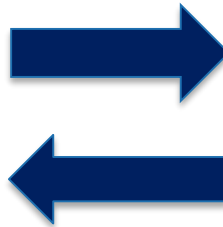
Integrate and Streamline Care Coordination

What we want to hear from Veterans: ***“I knew what to expect and I had everything I needed from my doctor.”***

What we want to hear from providers: ***“Sharing information between providers is easy, allowing for seamless care coordination for our patients.”***



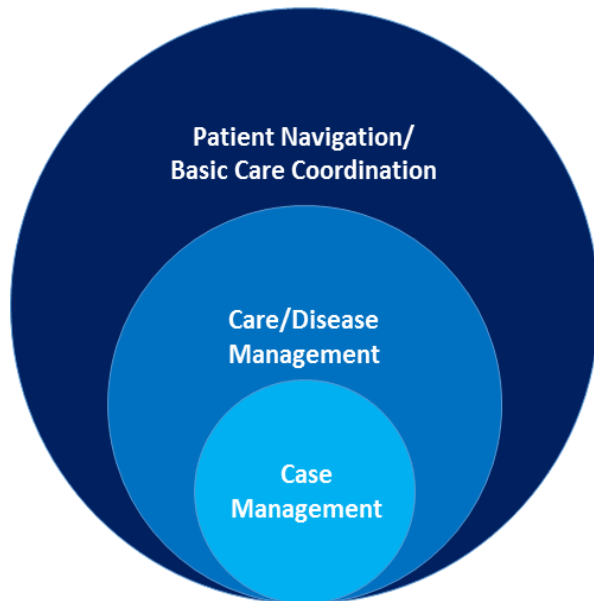
**VA
Providers**



**Community
Providers**

We are working to bridge the information gap between VA and community providers to ensure seamless care coordination through health information exchange.

Future State Care Coordination Model & Components



Within the continuum of care, there may be some overlap between levels of service

Patient Navigation/Basic Care Coordination

- An intervention or a specific person who helps Veterans access care through medical data integration, referral coordination, and appointment scheduling assistance
- Services aimed at helping Veterans with multiple comorbidities and providers, but do not require complex care coordination
- The level of care coordination and patient navigation most Veterans will need
- Self-service options available to engage veterans

Care/Disease Management

- The oversight and management of a comprehensive care plan for a cohort of patients
- Condition-specific programs based on evidence-based guidelines
- Care Managers conduct Veteran outreach, monitor adherence, provide disease education, and engage the Veteran

Case Management

- Emphasizes a collaborative process that assesses, advocates, plans, implements, coordinates, monitors, and evaluates health care options and services so they meet the needs of the individual patient
- Multi-disciplinary team manages care for Veterans with complex conditions and coordinates across providers

The levels of care are coordinated and governed at the enterprise level and executed locally.

Level of Care Coordination Provided

Care Coordination Delivery



- Veteran receives full set of care coordination services
- When a Veteran needs to see a community provider, VA provides on-going care coordination



- Basic care coordination and patient navigation handled by community PCP for 40-milers
- Proactive care/disease management and case management available for complex conditions
- VA will have access to a lifelong patient record provided by health exchange for 40-milers to better provide care if Veterans choose to receive care via VA

Operational Support for Care Coordination

Health Information

- Collection of Clinical Info (Medical Records)
- Administrative Info (Claims, Referrals)

System Analytics

- Data mining to identify at risk and eligible populations for Care/Disease Management and Case Management

Call Center

- Support for Veteran/provider questions
- Clinical support
- Program-specific information

Governance

- Integration of care management programs across VA
- Training for coordinators and Care Providers

Goals of VA Care Coordination

- Focus on health and wellness to improve Veterans' health outcomes
- Maintain a lifelong record with access to claims, medications, referral, and treatment history
- Establish data-driven processes facilitating retrospective and real-time analyses of health information
- Ensure Veterans receive appropriate community care
- PCPs will sign a pledge to adhere to the tenants of care coordination

Information Requirements



VA

- Referral
- Authorization
- Clinical Information
- Formulary
- Claims
- VA Critical Pathways for Clinical Episodes
- Analytics Data

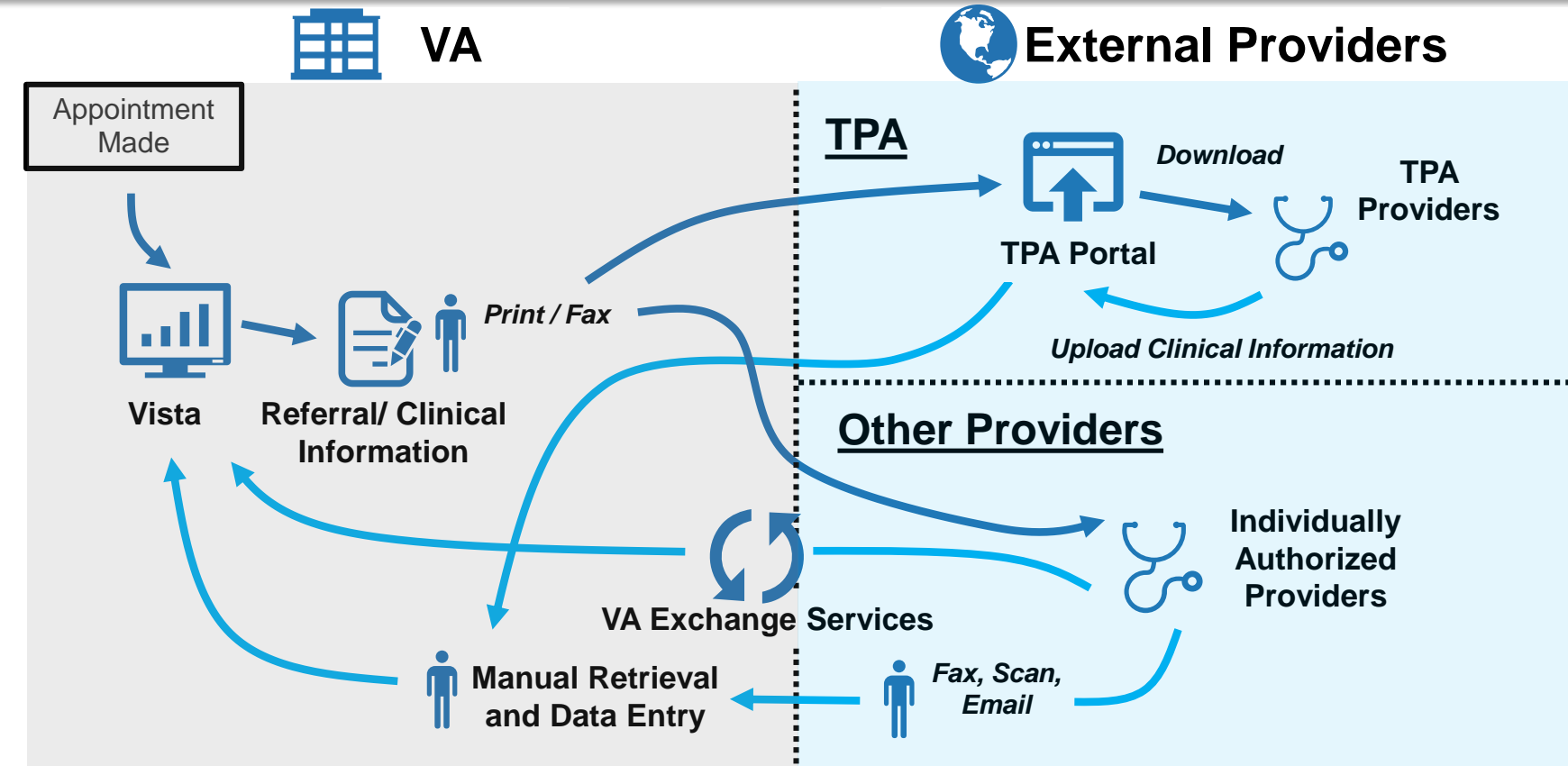


Community Care Network

- Clinical Information
- Claims
- Analytics data



Current State



Pain Points

- Manual, paper-based process
- Slower processing time
- No clear ownership or coordination
- Many handoffs

Industry Best Practices

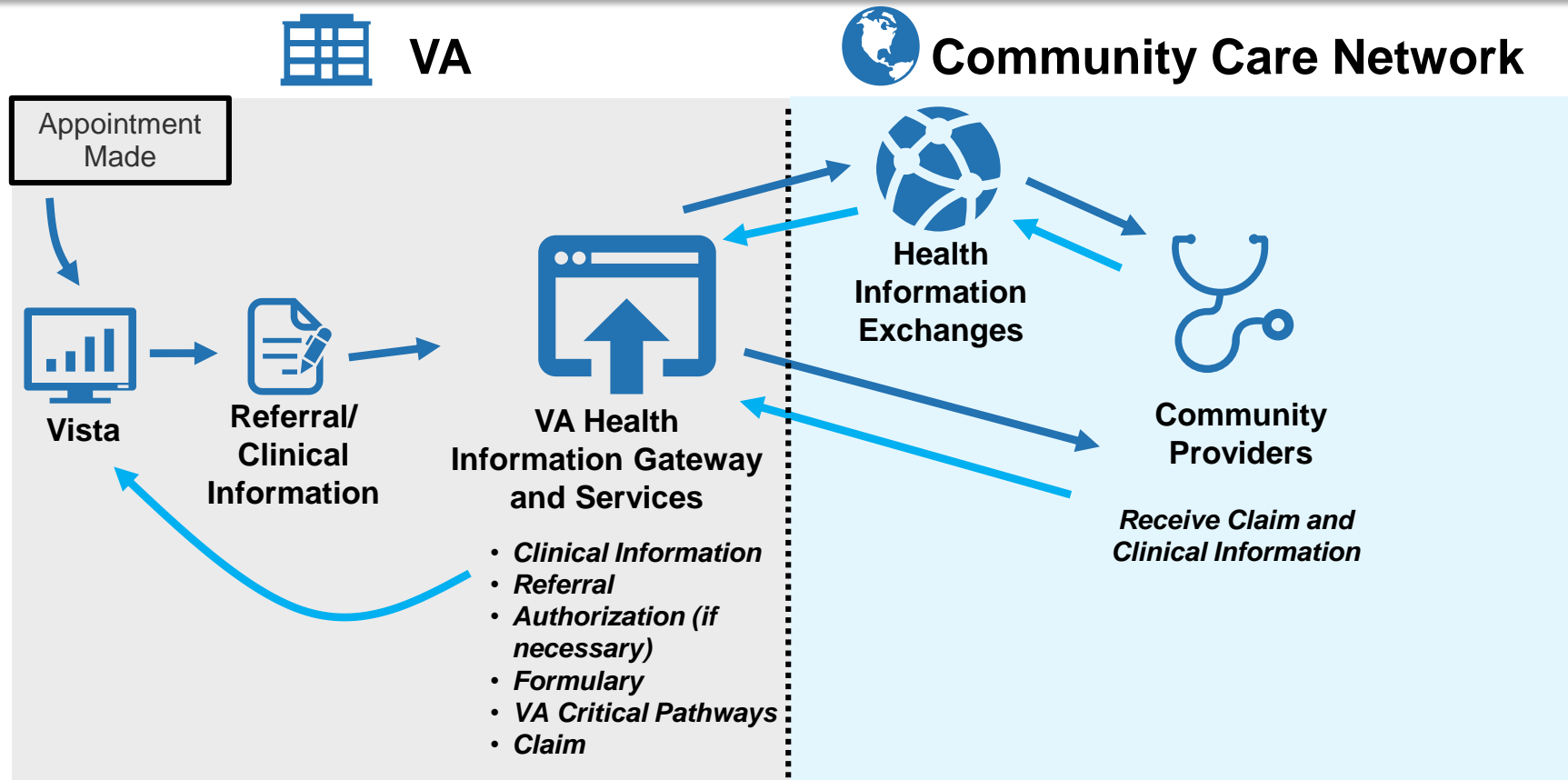
Health Information Exchange: Growing community of exchange partners, who share information under a common security framework and ruleset.

→ Incoming Information → Outgoing Information

Manual VA Process

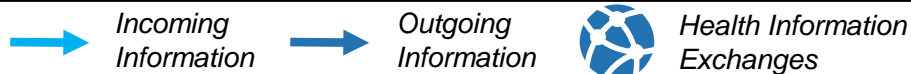


Future State



Future State Improvements

- Supports PCP care coordination
- High Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) and less paper involved in transfer of health information
- Quicker processing time and clearer definition of information ownership at each step
- Consistent and more user-friendly process



Provider Payments

Automate and Improve Provider Payments

What we want to hear from Veterans: ***"I understand my financial responsibility and I am billed accurately."***

What we want to hear from providers: ***"It is easy to work with VA. They have adopted industry standards, pay promptly and are a good partner."***

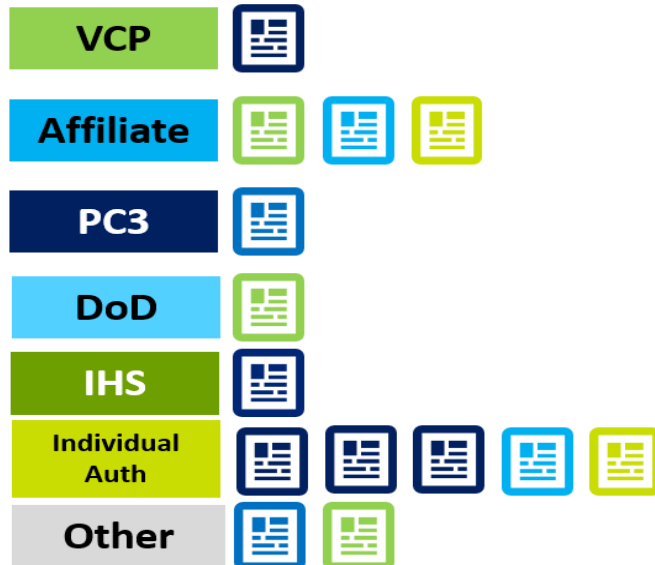


We are working to reduce the current medical claims backlog and automate our claims and administrative processes to enable accurate and timely payments to our community partners.

Reimbursement Rates – Current State

The current process is complex and inconsistent resulting in a confusing, inefficient and error-prone system.

Programs with Multiple Fee Schedules



Pain Points

- Different reimbursement rates for the same service, both locally and regionally
- Billed charges paid for some services, rather than a negotiated rate
- VA likely overpaying for some services
- Adds time to billing & reimbursement process

Industry Best Practices

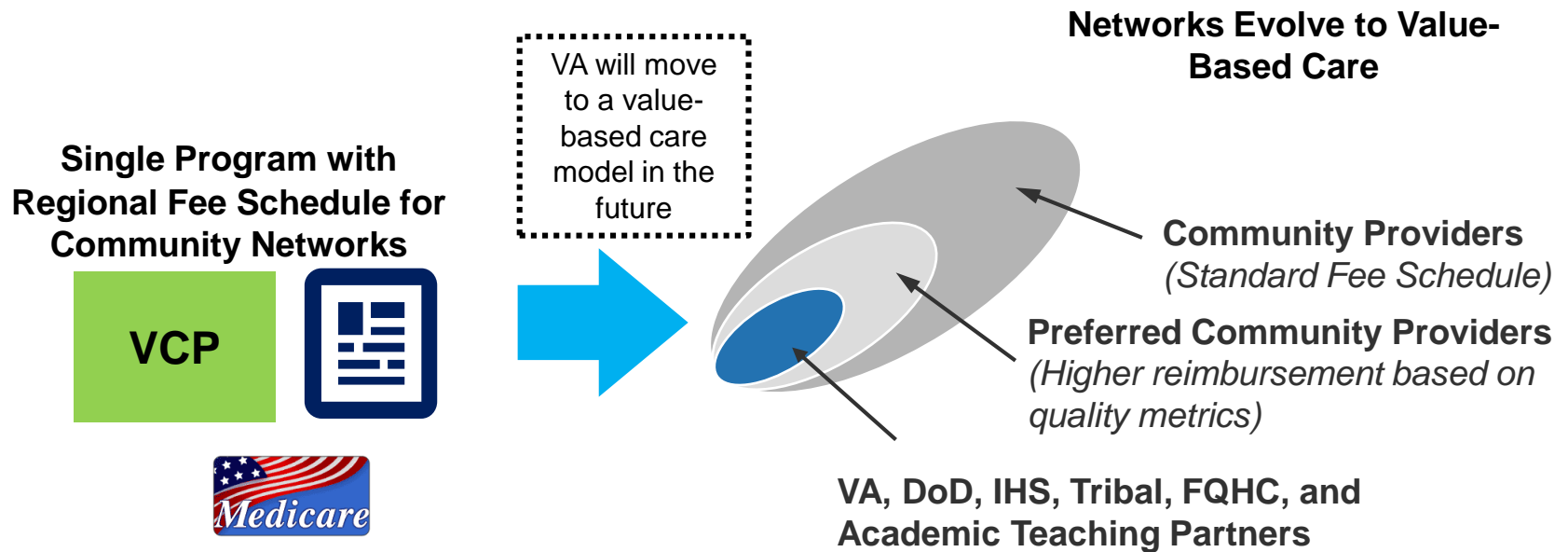
- Health plans generally tie reimbursement to regional Medicare rates
- Shift to value-based care arrangements
- In the absence of a fee schedule for a particular service, generally pay usual and customary (U&C). If no U&C rate exists, contact the hospital/provider to negotiate the payment
- Reimbursement schedules centralized and used nationally with regional contracting

NB1: Each sheet icon represents a different fee schedule

NB2: The icons are an example, and there may be more or less fee schedules for each program

Reimbursement Rates – Future State

VA will pay up to Medicare rates and shift to a value-based care model.



Improvements

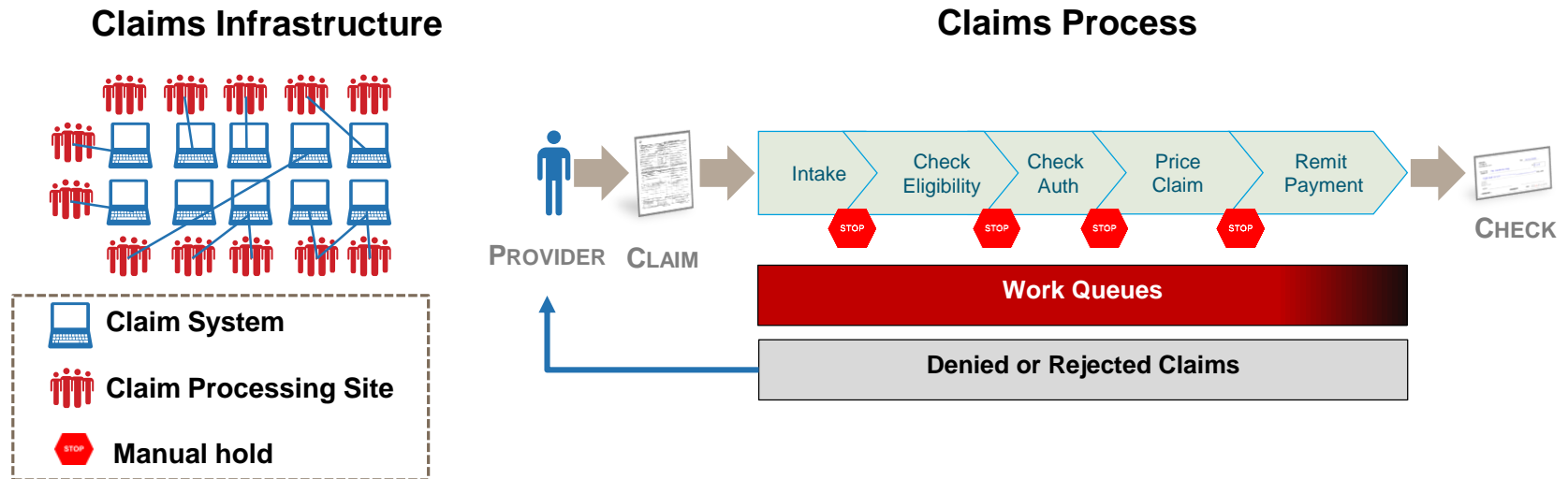
- Use negotiated network rates
- Tie to regional Medicare rates
- Exceptions for specific geographic areas with particularly few providers (e.g. Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Philippines)
- Negotiate rates for services not covered by Medicare, not paid billed charges
- Provides a clear basis for business rules in claims systems
- Maintains existing relationships with DoD, IHS, Tribal, FQHC partners

 VA Core Network

 Community Networks

Billing and Reimbursement – Current State

Claims infrastructure and process is complex, leading to significant inefficiencies.



Pain Points

- 30+ disparate claims systems
- Lack of standardization with 70+ claims processing sites
- Completely manual, mostly paper based process
- Confusing and inconsistent processes and rules

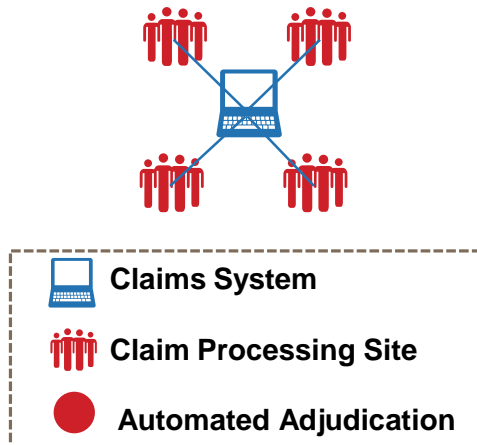
Industry Best Practices

- Auto-adjudication of clean claims
- Investments to flexible systems enable organizations to quickly respond to regulatory/industry changes
- Transition to shared service model to take advantage of scale, standardization, and processing efficiency
- Focused effort to manage patient and provider data and integration with claims platform

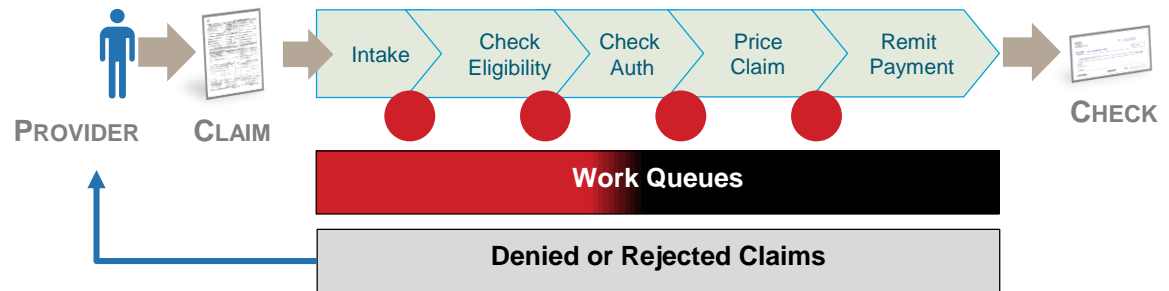
Billing and Reimbursement – Future State

The future process will be centralized with significant automation. VA will transition to a shared service model over time that may involve outsourcing claims processing to a third party.

Claims Infrastructure



Claims Process



Improvements

- Auto adjudication rules defined and deployed
- Significant investments to purchase/deploy a consolidated claims system
- Shared service model deployed with centralized locations (~ 4-7) to process claims or outsourced model with claims processing managed by a contractor
- No requirement for return of medical record to pay claims

Prompt Pay – Current and Future State

The increase in community care claims coupled with lack of auto adjudication has limited VA's ability to comply with Prompt Pay rules.

Current State

Mechanism	Adheres to Prompt Pay Standards
Contracts	Yes
Fee-Based	No

Pain Points

- VA does not use industry standard for clean and unclean claims, rather using authorized and unauthorized claims
- VA is noncompliant with the Prompt Pay Standard
- VA is at risk of large financial penalties if/when industry standards are adopted
- Reimbursement is a manual process

Future State

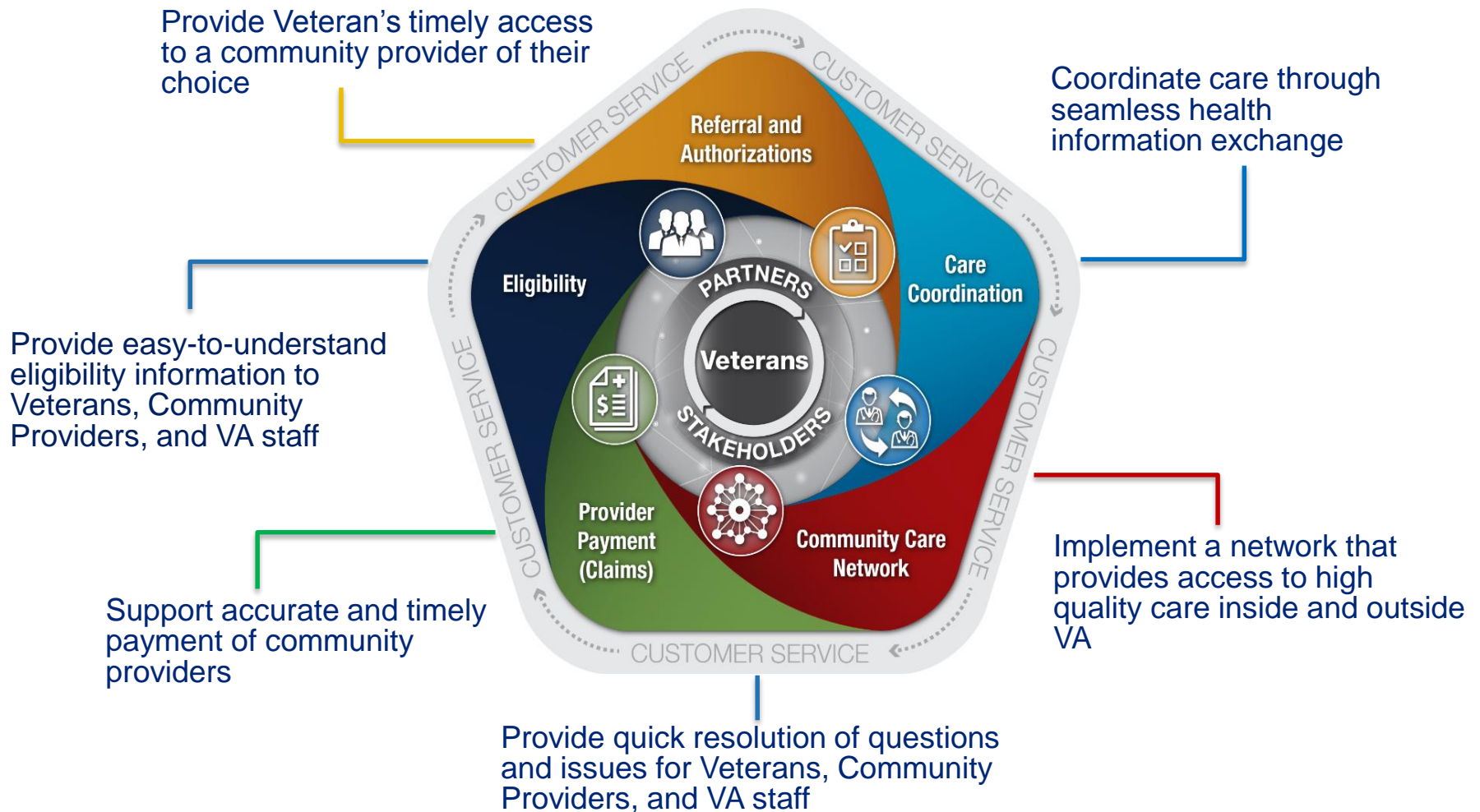
Industry standard definitions
Applies to all Community Providers
Standardized business rules
Implemented claims system
Compliance with 30 Day Prompt Pay Standard

Industry Best Practices

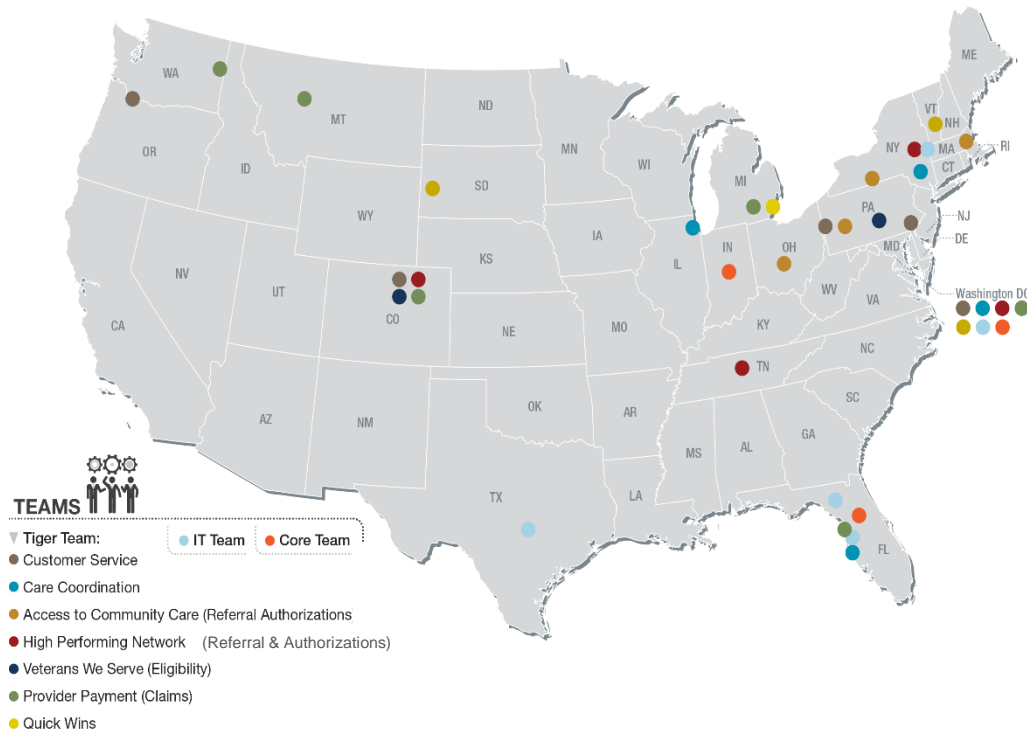
- No Federal Prompt Pay legislation for claims. States have enacted legislation to monitor claims processing. State interest varies (from 1% a month to 18% annually)
- A “clean claim” has no defect, impropriety or special circumstance, including incomplete documentation that delays timely payment
- Prompt Pay Standard is 30 days for clean claims (range 14 to 45 business days) and 45 - 60 days for non-clean claims

A Phased Approach

Five Key Components Trace the Veteran Community Care Journey



Core Team and Portfolio Teams



Portfolio Teams

- 120 applicants
- 28 members and 24 SMEs selected across 7 Portfolio Teams
- Diverse membership including physicians, nurses, a social worker, Chief Medical Officers, Industrial Engineers, Project Managers, Business Office Chiefs, Purchased Care Staff, among others

IT Team

- 7 representatives from the Office of Information and Technology (OIT) and Office of Analytics and Business Intelligence (OIA)
- Roles ranging from architects to information security officers

Core Team

- 8 representatives from OIA, OIT, PMO, VERC, physicians, communications and change management, among others

Collaborative Approach



Short and Long Term Improvements

To successfully consolidate VA's community care programs, VA is taking immediate steps to improve stakeholders' experiences while also planning and implementing the new community care program.



1 >

Immediate Steps to Improve Stakeholder Experience

- Implement contract modification
- Reduce unnecessary steps in the process
- Improve communications



2 >

Longer-Terms Steps to Improve Stakeholder Experience

- Develop detailed implementation plan
- Execute make/buy decisions
- Implement integrated solutions

Long-Term Improvements

Community Care Experience

Plan



Understand stakeholders needs to develop detailed implementation plan

- Obtain stakeholder input and identify industry best practices
- Develop future business processes
- Define the business capabilities needed
- Develop project plans and timelines
- Plan acquisition of the network and systems



Design



Develop requirements to support project delivery

- Define new organization roles and responsibilities
- Design detailed staff-level processes and procedures
- Define the business requirements
- Build or acquire new systems



Implement



Roll out new clinical and administrative systems

- Communicate changes to stakeholders
- Conduct VA staff training to support new processes, procedures and systems
- Deploy new processes, procedures and systems
- Manage deployment and address issues



Optimize



Monitor program results and metrics to identify and execute improvements

- Conduct regular stakeholder surveys
- Measure and monitor performance
- Identify improvement opportunities
- Address improvement opportunities

Project Management, Change Management and Communication

Congressional Action – Legislation and Budget

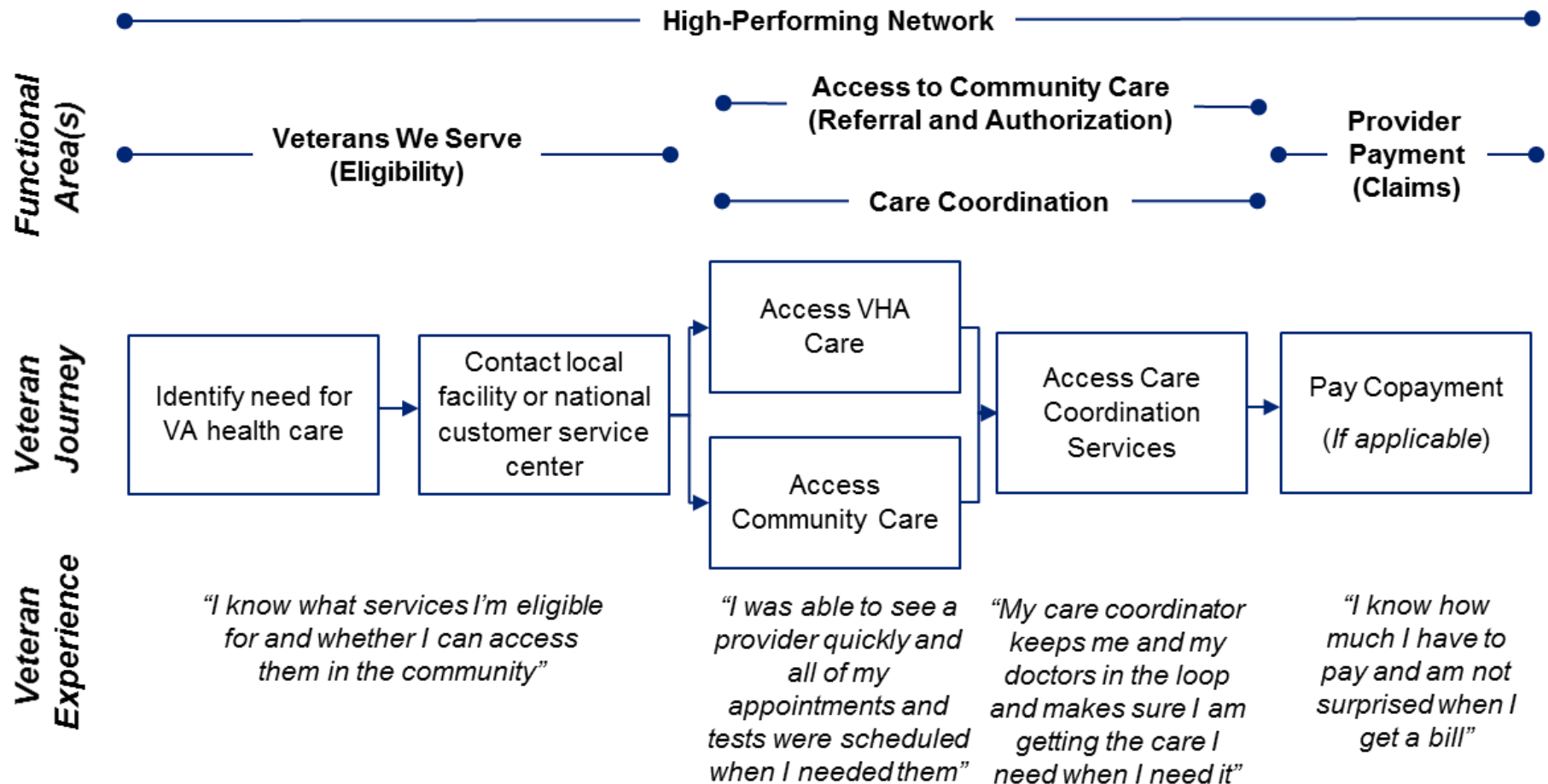
2016

2016 - 2018

2017 - 2020

2020+

Business Process Flows And Capabilities



**Thank you and we look forward
to potential collaboration with
you in the future.**